_General Description

The MAX9713/MAX9714 mono/stereo class D audio power amplifiers provide class AB amplifier performance with class D efficiency, conserving board space and eliminating the need for a bulky heatsink. Using a class D architecture, these devices deliver up to 6W while offering greater than 85% efficiency. Proprietary and patent-protected modulation and switching schemes render the traditional class D output filter unnecessary.

The MAX9713/MAX9714 offer two modulation schemes: a fixed-frequency mode (FFM), and a spread-spectrum mode (SSM) that reduces EMI-radiated emissions due to the modulation frequency. The device utilizes a fully differential architecture, a full bridged output, and comprehensive click-and-pop suppression.

The MAX9713/MAX9714 feature high 76dB PSRR, low 0.07% THD+N, and SNR in excess of 100dB. Short-circuit and thermal-overload protection prevent the devices from being damaged during a fault condition. The MAX9713 is available in a 32-pin TQFN (5mm x 5mm x 0.8mm) package. The MAX9714 is available in a 32-pin TQFN (7mm x 7mm x 0.8mm) package. Both devices are specified over the extended -40°C to +85°C temperature range.

Applications

LCD Monitors LCD TVs Desktop PCs LCD Projectors High-End Notebook Audio Hands-Free Car Phone Adaptors

Features

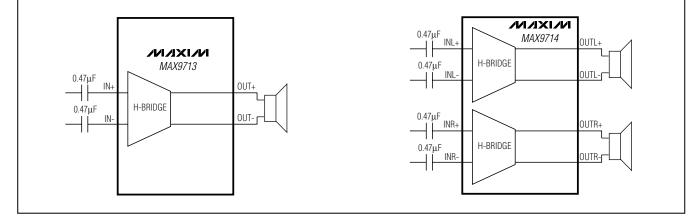
- Filterless Class D Amplifier
- Unique Spread-Spectrum Mode Offers 5dB Emissions Improvement Over Conventional Methods
- Up to 85% Efficient
- 6W Output Power into 8Ω
- Low 0.07% THD+N
- High PSRR (76dB at 1kHz)
- ♦ 10V to 25V Single-Supply Operation
- Differential Inputs Minimize Common-Mode Noise
- Pin-Selectable Gain Reduces Component Count
- Industry-Leading Integrated Click-and-Pop Suppression
- Low Quiescent Current (18mA)
- Low-Power Shutdown Mode (0.2µA)
- Short-Circuit and Thermal-Overload Protection
- Available in Thermally Efficient, Space-Saving Packages
 22 Dia TOEN (Emm x Emm x 0.8mm), MAX0712
 - 32-Pin TQFN (5mm x 5mm x 0.8mm)–MAX9713 32-Pin TQFN (7mm x 7mm x 0.8mm)–MAX9714

Ordering Information

PART	TEMP RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE	AMP
MAX9713ETJ	-40°C to +85°C	32 TQFN-EP*	Mono
MAX9714ETJ	-40°C to +85°C	32 TQFN-EP*	Stereo

*EP = Exposed paddle.

Block Diagrams



Pin Configurations appear at end of data sheet.

Maxim Integrated Products 1

For pricing, delivery, and ordering information, please contact Maxim/Dallas Direct! at 1-888-629-4642, or visit Maxim's website at www.maxim-ic.com.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

(All voltages referenced to GND.)

(
V _{DD} to PGND, AGND	
OUTR_, OUTL_, C1N	0.3V to (V _{DD} + 0.3V)
C1P	(V _{DD} - 0.3V) to (CHOLD + 0.3V)
CHOLD	(V _{DD} - 0.3V) to +40V
All Other Pins to GND	0.3V to +12V
Duration of OUTR_/OUTL_	
Short Circuit to GND, VDD	Continuous
Continuous Input Current (VDI), PGND, AGND)1.6A
Continuous Input Current (all o	other pins)±20mA

Continuous Power Dissipation ($T_A = +70^{\circ}C$)	
MAX9713 32-Pin TQFN (derate 21.3mW/°C	
above +70°C)	1702.1mW
MAX9714 32-Pin TQFN (derate 33.3mW/°C	
above +70°C)	2666.7mW
Junction Temperature	+150°C
Operating Temperature Range	40°C to +85°C
Storage Temperature Range	65°C to +150°C
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s)	+300°C

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $(V_{DD} = 15V, GND = PGND = 0V, \overline{SHDN} \ge V_{IH}, A_V = 16dB, C_{SS} = C_{IN} = C_{REG} = 0.47\mu$ F, C1 = 100nF, C2 = 1 μ F, FS1 = FS2 = GND (fs = 330kHz), R_L connected between OUTL+ and OUTL- and OUTR+ and OUTR-, T_A = T_{MIN} to T_{MAX}, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at T_A = +25°C.) (Notes 1, 2)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	COI	NDITIONS	MIN	ТҮР	МАХ	UNITS
GENERAL		•					•
Supply Voltage Range	V _{DD}	Inferred from PSRR te	est	10		25	V
Ouissaat Ourrant	1	D.	MAX9713		10	17.5	
Quiescent Current	IDD	RL = ∞	MAX9714		18	23	mA
Shutdown Current	ISHDN				0.2	1.5	μΑ
Turn-On Time	tou	$C_{SS} = 470 nF$			100		
Tum-On Time	ton	$C_{SS} = 180 nF$			50		ms
Amplifier Output Resistance in Shutdown		SHDN = GND		150	330		kΩ
		A _V = 13dB		35	58	80	
la su de la su		$A_V = 16 dB$		30	48	65	1.0
Input Impedance	RIN	A _V = 19.1dB		23	39	55	kΩ
		A _V = 22.1dB		20	31	42	
		G1 = L, G2 = L		21.9	22.1	22.3	
Voltago Cain	A. /	G1 = L, G2 = H		18.9	19.1	19.3	dB
Voltage Gain	Av	G1 = H, G2 = L		12.8	13	13.2	uБ
		G1 = H, G2 = H		15.9	16	16.3	
Gain Matching		Between channels (M	1AX9714)		0.5		%
Output Offset Voltage	Vos				±6	±30	mV
Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	CMRR	f _{IN} = 1kHz, input refe	rred		60		dB
		$V_{DD} = 10V$ to 25V		54	76		
Power-Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR		$f_{RIPPLE} = 1 kHz$		76		dB
		200mV _{P-P} ripple	$f_{RIPPLE} = 20 kHz$		60		
Output Power	Роит	THD+N = 10%,	$R_L = 16\Omega$	5.5	8		W
	1001	f = 1kHz	$R_L = 8\Omega$		6		vv

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

 $(V_{DD} = 15V, GND = PGND = 0V, \overline{SHDN} \ge V_{IH}, A_V = 16dB, C_{SS} = C_{IN} = C_{REG} = 0.47\mu$ F, C1 = 100nF, C2 = 1 μ F, FS1 = FS2 = GND (fs = 330kHz), R_L connected between OUTL+ and OUTL- and OUTR+ and OUTR-, T_A = T_{MIN} to T_{MAX}, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at T_A = +25°C.) (Notes 1, 2)

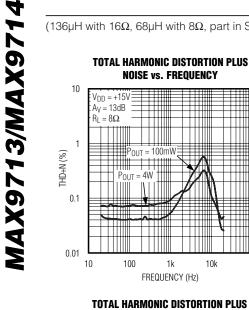
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	C	ONDITIONS		MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS	
Total Harmonic Distortion Plus Noise	THD+N	f _{IN} = 1kHz, either F P _{OUT} = 4W	FFM or SSM, R _L =	= 8Ω,		0.07		%	
			BW = 22Hz to	FFM		94			
Signal to Naisa Datia	SNR	$R_L = 8\Omega$, $P_{OUT} =$	22kHz	SSM		88		dB	
Signal-to-Noise Ratio		4W, f = 1kHz	Awaightad	FFM		97		uв	
			A-weighted	SSM		91]	
		FS1 = L, FS2 = L			300	335	370		
	£	FS1 = L, FS2 = H				460			
Oscillator Frequency	fosc	FS1 = H, FS2 = L				236		kHz	
		FS1 = H, FS2 = H	(spread-spectrun	n mode)		335		Ī	
Efficiency		$P_{OUT} = 5W, f_{IN} = 1$	kHz, R _L = 16Ω		85		0/		
Efficiency	η	$P_{OUT} = 4W, f = 1k$	Hz, R _L = 8 Ω			%			
DIGITAL INPUTS (SHDN, FS_,	G_)								
In rout Threeholds		VIH		2.5			v		
Input Thresholds		VIL				0.8	v		
Input Leakage Current							±1	μA	

Note 1: All devices are 100% production tested at +25°C. All temperature limits are guaranteed by design.

Note 2: Testing performed with a resistive load in series with an inductor to simulate an actual speaker load. For $R_L = 8\Omega$, $L = 68\mu$ H. For $R_L = 16\Omega$, $L = 136\mu$ H.

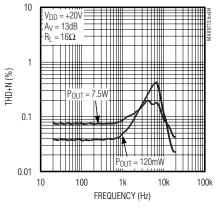
Note 3: PSRR is specified with the amplifier inputs connected to GND through CIN.

(136 μ H with 16 Ω , 68 μ H with 8 Ω , part in SSM mode, unless otherwise noted.)

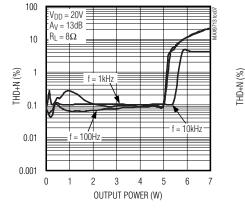


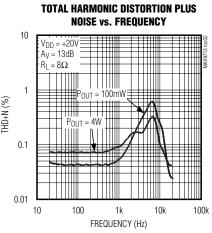
 $P_{OUT} = 100 \text{mW}$ THD+N (%) ++++++ 4W 1k 10k 100k FREQUENCY (Hz)

TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION PLUS NOISE vs. FREQUENCY

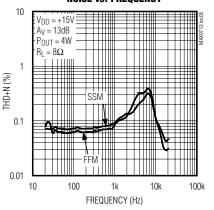


TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION PLUS **NOISE vs. OUTPUT POWER**

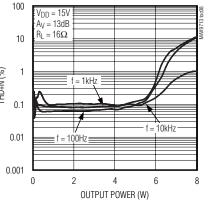




TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION PLUS NOISE vs. FREQUENCY

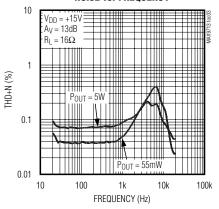


TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION PLUS **NOISE vs. OUTPUT POWER**

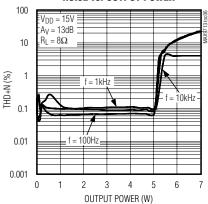


Typical Operating Characteristics

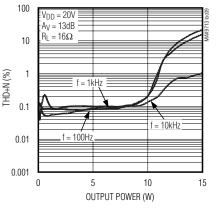
TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION PLUS NOISE vs. FREQUENCY



TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION PLUS **NOISE vs. OUTPUT POWER**



TOTAL HARMONIC DISTORTION PLUS **NOISE vs. OUTPUT POWER**

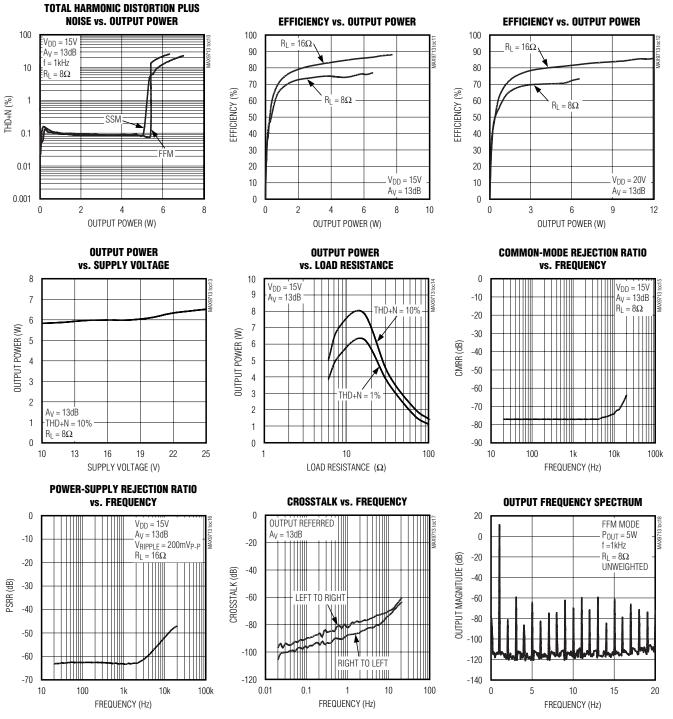




Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

(136 μ H with 16 Ω , 68 μ H with 8 Ω , part in SSM mode, unless otherwise noted.)

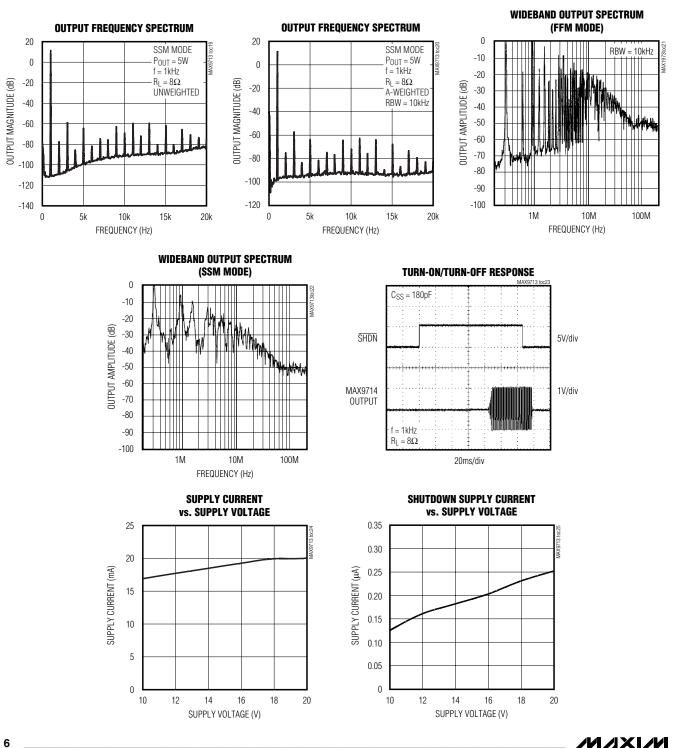
M/X/M



MAX9713/MAX9714

Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

(136 μ H with 16 Ω , 68 μ H with 8 Ω , part in SSM mode, unless otherwise noted.)



MAX9713/MAX9714

_Pin Description

Р	IN		
MAX9713	MAX9714	NAME	FUNCTION
1, 2, 23, 24	1, 2, 23, 24	PGND	Power Ground
3, 4, 21, 22	3, 4, 21, 22	V _{DD}	Power-Supply Input
5	5	C1N	Charge-Pump Flying Capacitor Negative Terminal
6	6	C1P	Charge-Pump Flying Capacitor Positive Terminal
7	7	CHOLD	Charge-Pump Hold Capacitor. Connect a 1μ F capacitor from CHOLD to V _{DD} .
8, 17, 20, 25, 26, 31, 32	8	N.C.	No Connection. Not internally connected.
9	14	REG	Internal Regulator Output. Bypass with a 0.47µF capacitor to PGND.
10	13	AGND	Analog Ground
11	_	IN-	Negative Input
12	_	IN+	Positive Input
13	12	SS	Soft-Start. Connect a 0.47µF capacitor from SS to GND to enable soft-start feature.
14	11	SHDN	Active-Low Shutdown. Connect \overline{SHDN} to GND to disable the device. Connect to V_{DD} for normal operation.
15	17	G1	Gain-Select Input 1
16	18	G2	Gain-Select Input 2
18	19	FS1	Frequency-Select Input 1
19	20	FS2	Frequency-Select Input 2
27, 28	—	OUT-	Negative Audio Output
29, 30	_	OUT+	Positive Audio Output
_	9	INL-	Left-Channel Negative Input
_	10	INL+	Left-Channel Positive Input
_	15	INR-	Right-Channel Negative Input
_	16	INR+	Right-Channel Positive Input
_	25, 26	OUTR-	Right-Channel Negative Audio Output
_	27, 28	OUTR+	Right-Channel Positive Audio Output
_	29, 30	OUTL-	Left-Channel Negative Audio Output
_	31, 32	OUTL+	Left-Channel Positive Audio Output
	_	EP	Exposed Paddle. Connect to GND.

Detailed Description

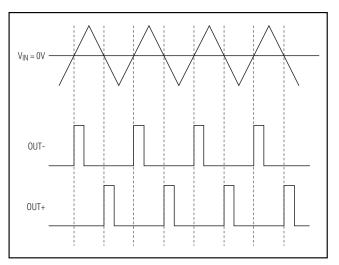
The MAX9713/MAX9714 filterless, class D audio power amplifiers feature several improvements to switchmode amplifier technology. The MAX9713 is a mono amplifier, the MAX9714 is a stereo amplifier. These devices offer class AB performance with class D efficiency, while occupying minimal board space. A unique filterless modulation scheme and spread-spectrum switching mode create a compact, flexible, lownoise, efficient audio power amplifier. The differential input architecture reduces common-mode noise pickup, and can be used without input-coupling capacitors. The devices can also be configured as a single-ended input amplifier.

Comparators monitor the device inputs and compare the complementary input voltages to the triangle waveform. The comparators trip when the input magnitude of the triangle exceeds their corresponding input voltage.

Operating Modes

Fixed-Frequency Modulation (FFM) Mode

The MAX9713/MAX9714 feature three FFM modes with different switching frequencies (Table 1). In FFM mode, the frequency spectrum of the class D output consists of the fundamental switching frequency and its associated harmonics (see the Wideband FFT graph in the *Typical Operating Characteristics*). The MAX9713/MAX9714 allow the switching frequency to be changed by ±35%, should the frequency of one or more of the harmonics fall in a sensitive band. This can be done at any time and not affect audio reproduction.



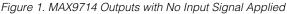


Table 1. Operating Modes

FS1	FS2	SWITCHING MODE (kHz)
L	L	335
L	Н	460
Н	L	236
Н	Н	335 ±7%

Spread-Spectrum Modulation (SSM) Mode

The MAX9713/MAX9714 feature a unique, patented spread-spectrum mode that flattens the wideband spectral components, improving EMI emissions that may be radiated by the speaker and cables. This mode is enabled by setting FS1 = FS2 = H. In SSM mode, the switching frequency varies randomly by ± 1.7 %kHz around the center frequency (335kHz). The modulation scheme remains the same, but the period of the triangle waveform changes from cycle to cycle. Instead of a large amount of spectral energy present at multiples of the switching frequency, the energy is now spread over a bandwidth that increases with frequency. Above a few megahertz, the wideband spectrum looks like white noise for EMI purposes (Figure 2).

Efficiency

Efficiency of a class D amplifier is attributed to the region of operation of the output stage transistors. In a class D amplifier, the output transistors act as current-steering switches and consume negligible additional power. Any power loss associated with the class D output stage is mostly due to the I*R loss of the MOSFET on-resistance, and quiescent current overhead.

The theoretical best efficiency of a linear amplifier is 78%, however that efficiency is only exhibited at peak output powers. Under normal operating levels (typical music reproduction levels), efficiency falls below 30%, whereas the MAX9714 still exhibits >80% efficiencies under the same conditions (Figure 3).

Shutdown

The MAX9713/MAX9714 have a shutdown mode that reduces power consumption and extends battery life. Driving \overline{SHDN} low places the device in low-power (0.2µA) shutdown mode. Connect \overline{SHDN} to a logic high for normal operation.

Click-and-Pop Suppression

The MAX9713/MAX9714 feature comprehensive clickand-pop suppression that eliminates audible transients on startup and shutdown. While in shutdown, the Hbridge is pulled to GND through $300k\Omega$. During startup,



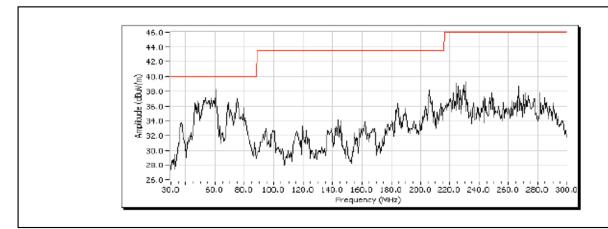


Figure 2. SSM Radiated Emissions

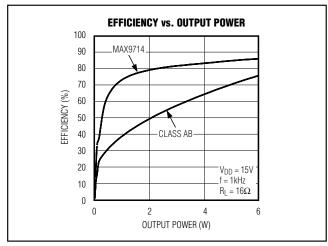


Figure 3. MAX9714 Efficiency vs. Class AB Efficiency

or power-up, the input amplifiers are muted and an internal loop sets the modulator bias voltages to the correct levels, preventing clicks and pops when the H-bridge is subsequently enabled. Following startup, a soft-start function gradually un-mutes the input amplifiers. The value of the soft-start capacitor has an impact on the click/pop levels. For optimum performance, C_{SS} should be at least 180nF.

Mute Function The MAX9713/MAX9714 feature a clickless/popless mute mode. When the device is muted, the outputs stop switching, muting the speaker. Mute only affects the output state, and does not shut down the device. To mute the MAX9713/MAX9714, drive SS to GND by

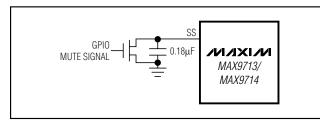


Figure 4. MAX9713/MAX9714 Mute Circuit

using a MOSFET pulldown (Figure 4). Driving SS to GND during the power-up/down or shutdown/turn-on cycle optimizes click-and-pop suppression.

Applications Information

Filterless Operation

Traditional class D amplifiers require an output filter to recover the audio signal from the amplifier's PWM output. The filters add cost, increase the solution size of the amplifier, and can decrease efficiency. The traditional PWM scheme uses large differential output swings ($2 \times V_{DD}$ peak-to-peak) and causes large ripple currents. Any parasitic resistance in the filter components results in a loss of power, lowering the efficiency.

The MAX9713/MAX9714 do not require an output filter. The devices rely on the inherent inductance of the speaker coil and the natural filtering of both the speaker and the human ear to recover the audio component of the square-wave output. Eliminating the output filter results in a smaller, less costly, more efficient solution.

Because the frequency of the MAX9713/MAX9714 output is well beyond the bandwidth of most speakers, voice coil movement due to the square-wave frequency

Table 2. Gain Settings

GAIN (dB)	DIFF INPUT (V _{RMS})	R L (Ω)	Pout at 10% THD+N (W)			
13.0	1.27	16	8			
16.1	0.89	16	8			
19.1	0.63	16	8			
22.1	0.45	16	8			
13.0	0.78	8	6			
16.1	0.54	8	6			
19.1	0.39	8	6			
22.1	0.27	8	6			

is very small. Although this movement is small, a speaker of the additional power can be damaged. For optimum results, use a speaker with a series inductance > 30μ H. Typical 8Ω speakers exhibit series inductances in the range of 30μ H to 100μ H. Optimum efficiency is achieved with speaker inductances > 60μ H.

Gain Selection

Table 2 shows the suggested gain settings to attain a maximum output power from a given peak input voltage and given load.

Output Offset

Unlike a class AB amplifier, the output offset voltage of class D amplifiers does not noticeably increase quiescent current draw when a load is applied. This is due to the power conversion of the class D amplifier. For example, an 8mV DC offset across an 8 Ω load results in 1mA extra current consumption in a class AB device. In the class D case, an 8mV offset into 8 Ω equates to an additional power drain of 8 μ W. Due to the high efficiency of the class D amplifier, this represents an additional quiescent current draw of: 8 μ W/(V_{DD}/100 \times η), which is on the order of a few microamps.

Input Amplifier

Differential Input

The MAX9713/MAX9714 feature a differential input structure, making them compatible with many CODECs, and offering improved noise immunity over a single-ended input amplifier. In devices such as PCs, noisy digital signals can be picked up by the amplifier's input traces. The signals appear at the amplifiers' inputs as commonmode noise. A differential input amplifier amplifies the

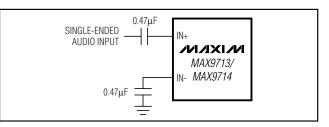


Figure 5. Single-Ended Input

difference of the two inputs, any signal common to both inputs is canceled.

Single-Ended Input

The MAX9713/MAX9714 can be configured as singleended input amplifiers by capacitively coupling either input to GND and driving the other input (Figure 5).

Component Selection

Input Filter

An input capacitor, C_{IN} , in conjunction with the input impedance of the MAX9713/MAX9714, forms a highpass filter that removes the DC bias from an incoming signal. The AC-coupling capacitor allows the amplifier to bias the signal to an optimum DC level. Assuming zero-source impedance, the -3dB point of the highpass filter is given by:

$$f_{-3dB} = \frac{1}{2\pi R_{IN}C_{IN}}$$

Choose C_{IN} so f_{-3dB} is well below the lowest frequency of interest. Setting f_{-3dB} too high affects the low-frequency response of the amplifier. Use capacitors whose dielectrics have low-voltage coefficients, such as tantalum or aluminum electrolytic. Capacitors with high-voltage coefficients, such as ceramics, may result in increased distortion at low frequencies.

Charge-Pump Capacitor Selection

Use capacitors with an ESR less than $100m\Omega$ for optimum performance. Low-ESR ceramic capacitors minimize the output resistance of the charge pump. For best performance over the extended temperature range, select capacitors with an X7R dielectric.

Flying Capacitor (C1)

The value of the flying capacitor (C1) affects the load regulation and output resistance of the charge pump. A C1 value that is too small degrades the device's ability to provide sufficient current drive. Increasing the value of C1 improves load regulation and reduces the charge-pump output resistance to an extent. Above 1μ F, the on-



MAX9713/MAX9714

6W, Filterless, Spread-Spectrum Mono/Stereo Class D Amplifiers

resistance of the switches and the ESR of C1 and C2 dominate.

Output Capacitor (C2)

The output capacitor value and ESR directly affect the ripple at CHOLD. Increasing C2 reduces output ripple. Likewise, decreasing the ESR of C2 reduces both ripple and output resistance. Lower capacitance values can be used in systems with low maximum output power levels.

Output Filter

The MAX9713/MAX9714 do not require an output filter. The device passes FCC emissions standards with 36cm of unshielded speaker cables. However, output filtering can be used if a design is failing radiated emissions due to board layout or cable length, or the circuit is near EMI-sensitive devices. Use a ferrite bead filter when radiated frequencies above 10MHz are of concern. Use an LC filter when radiated frequencies below 10MHz are of concern, or when long leads connect the amplifier to the speaker. Refer to the MAX9714 Evaluation Kit schematic for details of this filter.

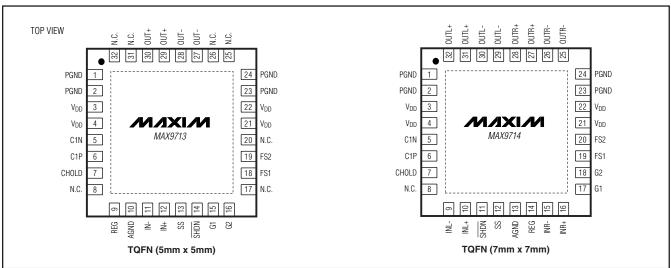
Sharing Input Sources

In certain systems, a single audio source can be shared by multiple devices (speaker and headphone amplifiers). When sharing inputs, it is common to mute the unused device, rather than completely shutting it down, preventing the unused device inputs from distorting the input signal. Mute the MAX9713/MAX9714 by driving SS low through an open-drain output or MOSFET (see the *System Diagram*). Driving SS low turns off the class D output stage, but does not affect the input bias levels of the MAX9713/MAX9714. Be aware that during normal operation, the voltage at SS can be up to 7V, depending on the MAX9713/MAX9714 supply.

Supply Bypassing/Layout

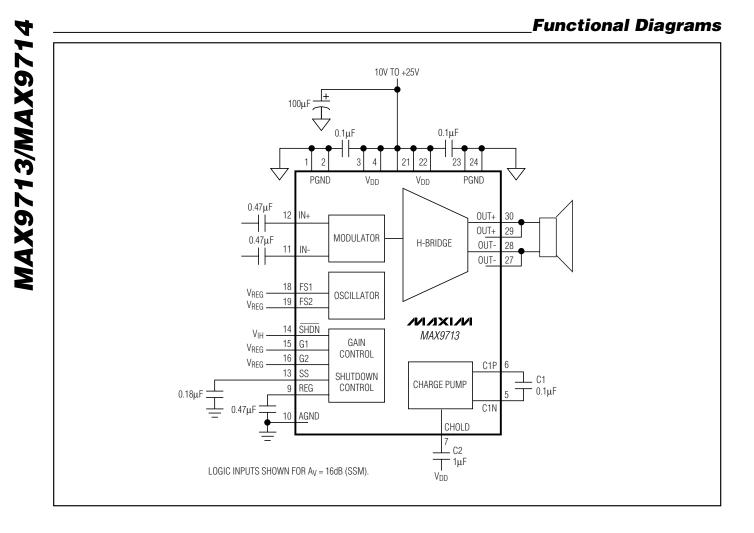
Pin Configurations

Proper power-supply bypassing ensures low distortion operation. For optimum performance, bypass V_{DD} to PGND with a 0.1 μ F capacitor as close to each V_{DD} pin as possible. A low-impedance, high-current power-supply connection to V_{DD} is assumed. Additional bulk capacitance should be added as required depending on the application and power-supply characteristics. AGND and PGND should be star connected to system ground. Refer to the MAX9714 Evaluation Kit for layout guidance.

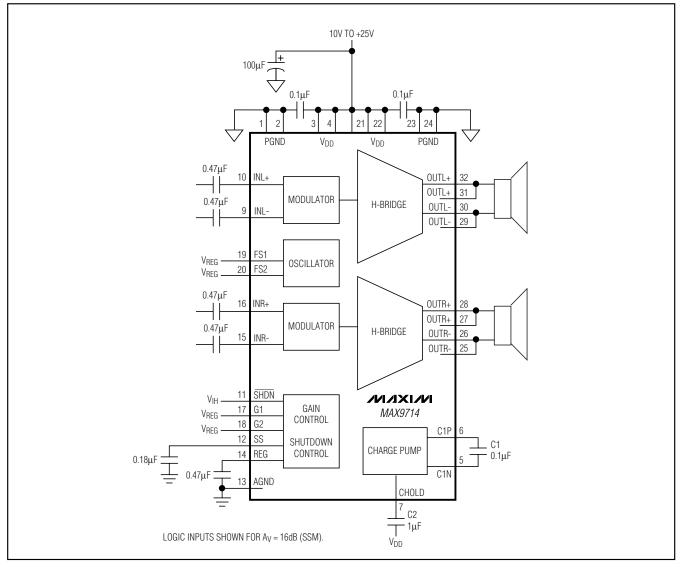


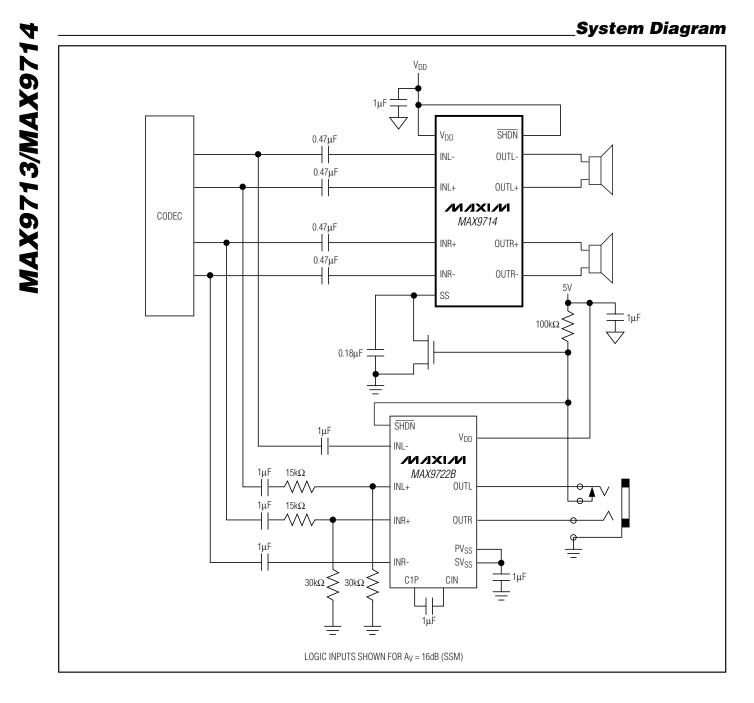
Chip Information

MAX9713 TRANSISTOR COUNT: 3093 MAX9714 TRANSISTOR COUNT: 4630 PROCESS: BICMOS



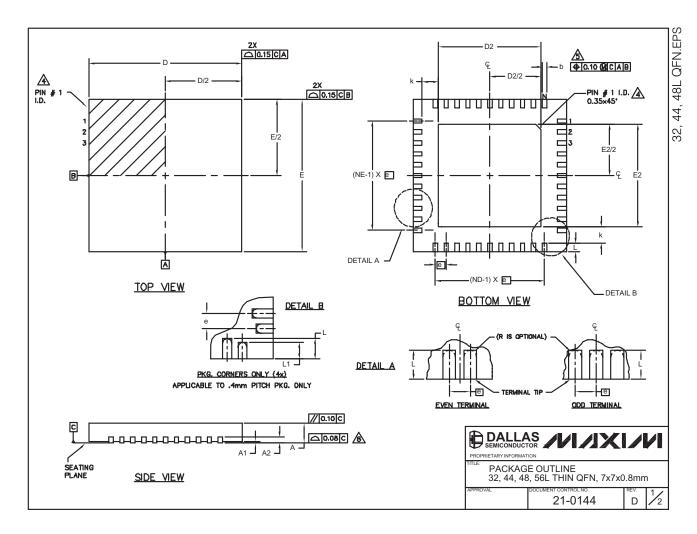
Functional Diagrams (continued)





_Package Information

(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information, go to **www.maxim-ic.com/packages**.)



_Package Information (continued)

(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information, go to **www.maxim-ic.com/packages**.)

					CON	imon e	DIMENSI	ons								
240							СUSTOM РКС (Т4877-1)									
PKG		52L 7x	/	4	4L 7x			48L 7x		- 4	BL 7x7		2	6L 7x7		
SYMBOL	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.	
A	0.70	0.75	0.80	0.70	0.75	0.80	0.70	0.75	0.80	0.70	0.75	0.80	0.70	0.75	0.80	
A1	0	0.02	0.05	0	0.02	0.05	٥	0.02	0.05	0	0.0Z	0.05	٥	-	0.05	
A2	0.20 REF.			0.20 REF.			(0.20 RI	F.	0.20 REF.			C	0.20 REF.		
σ	0.25	0,30	0.35	0.20	0.25	0.30	0.20	0.25	0.30	0.20	0.25	0.30	0.15	0.20	0.25	
D	6.90	7.00	7.10	6.9D	7.00	7.10	6.90	7.00	7.10	6.90	7.00	7.10	6.90	7.00	7.10	
E	6.90	7.00	7.10	6.90	7.00	7.10	6.90	7.00	7.10	6.90	7.00	7.10	6.90	7.00	7.10	
9	0	.65 BS	с.	0	.50 BS	SC.	0	0.50 BS	SC.	0.50 BSC,			0	.40 BS	ic.	
k	0.25	-	-	0.25	-	-	0.25	-	-	0.25	-	-	0.25	0.35	0.45	
Г	0.45	0.55	0.65	0.45	0.55	0.65	0.30	0.40	0.50	0.45	0.55	0.65	0.40	0.50	0.60	
LI	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.30	0.40	0.50	
N		32			44			48			44		56			
ND		8			11			12			10			14		
NE		8			11			12			12			14		

		EXPOS	ed Pai	d vari	TIONS				
PKG.	DEPOPULATED		D2			EZ		JEDEC MO220	DOWN BONDS
CODES	Leads	MIN.	NOM. MAX.		MIN. NOM.		MAX.		ALLOWED
T3277-1	-	4.55	4.70	4.85	4.55	4.70	4.85	-	NO
T3277-2	-	4.55	4.70	4.85	4.55	4.70	4.85	-	YES
T4477-1	-	4.55	4.70	4.85	4.55	4.70	4.85	WKKD-1	NO
T4477-2	-	4.55	4.70	4.85	4.55	4.70	4.85	WKKD-1	YES
T4477-3	-	4.55	4.70	4.85	4.55	4.70	4.85	WKKD-1	YES
T4877−1₩	13,24,37,48	4.20	4,30	4.4D	4.20 4.30		4.40	-	NO
T 48 77-2	-	5.45	5.60	5.63	5.45	5.60	5.63	-	NO
T4877-3	-	4.95	5.10	5.25	4.95	5.10	5.25	-	YES
T4877-4	-	5.45	5.60	5,63	5,45	5.60	5.63	-	YES
T4877-5	-	2.40	2.50	2.60	2.40	2.50	2.60	-	NO
T4877-6	-	5.45	5.60	5.63	5.45	5.60	5.63	-	NO
T5677-1	-	5.20	5.30	5.4D	5.20	5.30	5.40	-	YES

** NOTE: T4877-1 IS A CUSTON 48L PKG, WITH 4 LEADS DEPOPULATED. TOTAL NUMBER OF LEADS ARE 44.

LETARY INFORMATION

PACKAGE OUTLINE

NOTES:

- 1. DIMENSIONING & TOLERANCING CONFORM TO ASME Y14.5M-1994.
- 2. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS. ANGLES ARE IN DEGREES.
- 3. N IS THE TOTAL NUMBER OF TERMINALS.

A THE TERMINAL #1 IDENTIFIER AND TERMINAL NUMBERING CONVENTION SHALL CONFORM TO JESD 95-1 SPP-012. DETAILS OF TERMINAL #1 IDENTIFIER ARE OPTIONAL, BUT MUST BE LOCATED WITHIN THE ZONE INDICATED. THE TERMINAL #1 IDENTIFIER MAY BE EITHER A MOLD OR MARKED FEATURE.

- A DIMENSION & APPLIES TO METALLIZED TERMINAL AND IS MEASURED BETWEEN
- 0.25 mm AND 0.30 mm FROM TERMINAL TIP.
- 6. ND AND NE REFER TO THE NUMBER OF TERMINALS ON EACH D AND E SIDE RESPECTIVELY.
- 7. DEPOPULATION IS POSSIBLE IN A SYMMETRICAL FASHION.
- A COPLANARITY APPLIES TO THE EXPOSED HEAT SINK SLUG AS WELL AS THE TERMINALS.

9. DRAWING CONFORMS TO JEDEC MO220 EXCEPT THE EXPOSED PAD DIMENSIONS OF T3277-1; T4877-1/-2/-3/-4/-5/-6 & T5677-1.

10. WARPAGE SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.10 mm.

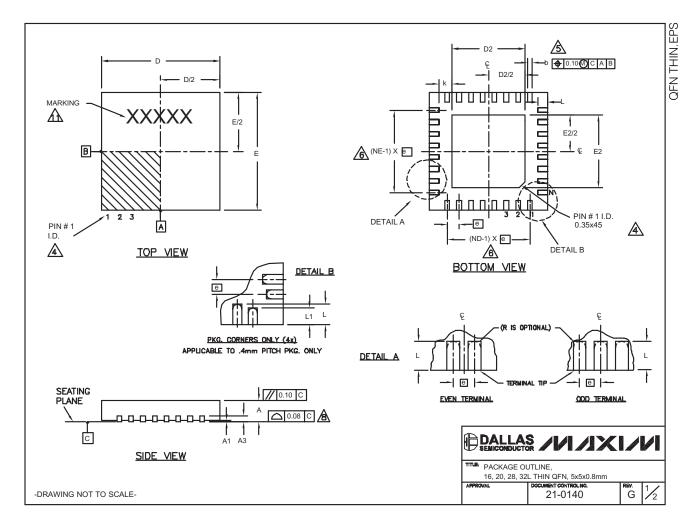
32, 44, 48, 56L THIN QFN, 7x7x0.8mm

21-0144

D

Package Information (continued)

(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information, go to **www.maxim-ic.com/packages**.)



_Package Information (continued)

(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information, go to <u>www.maxim-ic.com/packages</u>.)

			С	OMMO	DN DI	MENS	SIONS								EXF	POSED	PAD	VARIA	TIONS	5		
PKG.	1	6L 5x	5	2	20L 5>	(5	2	8L 5>	(5	3	32L 5>	x5		PKG.		D2		E2			L	DOWN
SYMBOL	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.		CODES	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.	-0.15	BONDS ALLOWED
А	0.70	0.75	0.80	0.70	0.75	0.80	0.70	0.75	0.80	0.70	0.75	0.80		T1655-1	3.00	3.10	3.20	3.00	3.10	3.20	**	NO
A1	0	0.02	0.05	0	0.02	0.05	0	0.02	0.05	0	0.02	0.05		T1655-2	3.00	3.10	3.20	3.00	3.10	3.20	**	YES
A3	0.	20 RE	F.	0.	20 RE	F.	0.:	20 RE	F.	0.	20 RE	F.		T1655N-1	3.00	3.10	3.20	3.00	3.10	3.20	**	NO
b	0.25	0.30	0.35	0.25	0.30	0.35	0.20	0.25	0.30	0.20	0.25	0.30		T2055-2	3.00	3.10	3.20	3.00	3.10	3.20	**	NO
D	4.90	5.00					4.90		5.10		5.00			T2055-3	3.00	3.10	3.20	3.00	3.10	3.20	**	YES
E	4.90						4.90							T2055-4	3.00	3.10	3.20	3.00	3.10	3.20	**	NO
е	0	.80 BS	SC.	0.	.65 BS	SC.	0	50 BS	SC.	0	.50 BS	SC.		T2055-5	3.15	3.25	3.35	3.15	3.25	3.35	0.40	Y
k	0.25	-	-	0.25	-	-	0.25	-	-	0.25	-	-		T2855-1	3.15	3.25	3.35	3.15	3.25	3.35	**	NO
L	0.30	0.40	0.50		0.55	0.65	0.45	0.55	0.65	0.30	0.40	0.50		T2855-2	2.60	2.70	2.80	2.60	2.70	2.80	**	NO
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		T2855-3	3.15	3.25	3.35	3.15	3.25	3.35	**	YES
 N		16	I		20	L		28			32	-		T2855-4	2.60	2.70	2.80	2.60	2.70	2.80		YES
ND		4			5			7			8			T2855-5 T2855-6	2.60	2.70 3.25	2.80	2.60 3.15	2.70 3.25	2.80 3.35	**	NO
NE		4			5			7			8			T2855-6	2.60	2.70	2.80	2.60	2.70	2.80	**	NO YES
JEDEC	,	WHHE	3	, I	WHHO	2	v	VHHD	-1	WHHD-2				T2855-8	3.15	3.25	3.35	3.15	3.25	3.35	0.40	Y
														T2855N-1	3.15	3.25	3.35	3.15	3.25	3.35	**	N
DTES:														T3255-2	3.00	3.10	3.20	3.00	3.10	3.20	**	NO
1. DIMEN	SIONIN	IG & TO	DLERA	NCING	CONF	ORM T	O ASN	IE Y14	.5M-19	94.				T3255-3	3.00	3.10	3.20	3.00	3.10	3.20	**	YES
2. ALL DI	MENSI	ONS A	RE IN I	MILLIM	ETERS	. ANGL	LES AR	E IN D	EGRE	ES.				T3255-4	3.00	3.10	3.20	3.00	3.10	3.20	**	NO
3. N IS TH	HE TOT	AL NU	MBER	OF TE	RMINA	LS.								T3255N-1	3.00	3.10	3.20	3.00	3.10	3.20	**	NO
	ORM TO NAL, B IFIER N) JESE UT MU MAY BE APPLI) 95-1 S ST BE E EITHE	SPP-01 LOCAT ER A M	2. DE ⁻ FED W OLD O	Tails (Ithin t R Mar	of ter The Zo Ked Fi	Minal Ne ine Eatur	. #1 IDE Dicate E.	ENTIFIE D. THI	ER ARE E TERN	E MINAL #	mm ANI	0 0.30 mm				**	SEE CO	MMON E	DIMENSIO	NS TABLE
\land ND AN	D NE F	EFER	то тн	E NUM	BER O	F TERI	MINALS	ON E	ACH D	AND E	E SIDE	RESPE	TIVELY.									
7. DEPOR	PULATI	ON IS I	POSSI	BLE IN	A SYN	IMETRI	CAL F	SHIO	۷.													
\land COPLA	ANARIT	Y APPI	LIES TO	O THE	EXPOS	SED HE	EAT SIN	IK SLL	IG AS \	NELL /	AS THE	E TERM	IALS.									
9. DRAW T2855-	ING CC -3 AND			JEDE	C MO2	20, EX(CEPT E	XPOS	ed pai	d dime	INSION	N FOR	855-1,			Ð	DAI	_LA	S 🖌		12	(I/
0. WARPA	AGE S⊦	IALL N	OT EX	CEED	0.10 mr	n.											SEMICO	NDUCTO	R 🖊		7 A /	
	NG IS F	OR PA	ACKAG	E ORIE	INTATI	ON RE	FEREN		NLY.							TTUE:	PACK	AGE OL	JTLINE,			
			CU ON			REFER	ENCE (1				QFN, 5×	5x0.8mm	
•	ER OF L	EADS	3HOW													APPR				T CONTRO		REV.

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